

English Skeet

English Skeet uses the same basic skeet layout as the other variations. It is a semi-circle with a base chord of 36.8 metres. It has two traps, set one at either end. To the left is the “High House” and to the right is the “Low House”. The high house trap is at a height of 3.05m and the low is 1.07m. The targets are set so that both pass within 45cm of a mark called the Target Crossing Point (see plan) and in calm conditions they should fly 50-52 metres. Boundary posts set 40.2m in front of each trap house mark the limits within which targets must be shot to count as fair kills. The seven shooting stations are evenly spaced 8.13m apart around the semi-circle, 91x91cm square, number one being closest to the high house.

Shooting should normally be conducted in squads of five competitors. If it becomes necessary, squads of less than five members may be formed but squads of more than six must be avoided for control and safety reasons.



- Each round consists of 25 standard targets shot in the following sequence:
- Station 1 Two singles and a double
 - Station 2 Two singles and a double
 - Station 3 Two singles
 - Station 4 Two singles and a double (the shooter must nominate the first target of the double to be shot at)
 - Station 5 Two singles
 - Station 6 Two singles and a double
 - Station 7 Two singles and a double

The first target to be shot at in singles on stations 1 through 6 will be the target from the High House but, on station 7, it must be the Low House target.

The first target to be shot at in Doubles is the nearest so on stations 1 and 2 will be the High House, and on stations 6 and 7 will be the Low House.

